Appendices

Appendix 1: Tables

Table 1.2A: Parliamentarization vs. Expansion of the Electorate in Europe.
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Country	Parliamentarization	Expansion of the Electorate	
Austria	1919	1873	
Belgium	1831	1894	
Denmark	1901	1849	
Finland	1917	1907	
France	1875	1848	
Germany	1919	1871	
Italy	1861	1882	
Netherlands	1868	1888	
Sweden	1917 1875		
Switzerland	1848	1848	
United Kingdom	1832-35	1869	

Adopted from: Scarrow, 2006, p.18.

Table 2.1A: Introduction of Political Finance Laws in Northern, Western, and SouthernEurope.

Country	Year
Germany	1966
Finland	1969
Sweden	1972
Norway	1973
Italy	1974
Austria	1975
Spain	1977
Portugal	1977
Greece	1984
Liechtenstein	1984
Denmark	1986
France	1988
Belgium	1989
Cyprus	1991
Portugal	1993
Ireland	1997
The Netherlands	1999
Luxemburg	1999
UK	2000
Andora	2000
S. Marino	2005
Iceland	2006

Adopted from: Piccio, 2014, p. 211

Table 2.1B: Introduction of Direct Public Funding for Political Parties in Northern,Western, and Southern Europe.

Country	Year
Germany	1959
Finland	1967
Sweden	1966
Norway	1970
Italy	1974
Austria	1975
Spain	1977
Portugal	1977
Greece	1984
Denmark	1986
France	1988
Belgium	1989
Cyprus	1991
Ireland	1997
The Netherlands	1999
Luxemburg	1999
Iceland	2006

Adopted from: Piccio, 2014, p. 222

Table 2.2A: Challenges with Political Financing.

Political System Challenges	Political Finance Control Challenges
Unequal access to funding for different political actors	Unsuitable legislation (ambiguous or overly ambitious legislation or rules not suitable for the context)
Ability of wealthy interests to unduly	Lack of political will to control money in
influence politics	politics
Influx of illicit funding into politics	Popular acceptance of vote buying
Co-optation of politics by business interests	Lack of independence of enforcing institutions
Abuse of state resources	Biased enforcement of political finance regulations
Widespread vote buying	Lack of resources for enforcing regulations

Source: Ohman, 2014, p. 20.

Fraction of the	Ceiling per capita of election expenses (in EUR):				
population of	Election of municipal councilors:		Election of	Election of	
the constituency:	First round list Second round l		departmental councilors	Regional Advisers	
Less than 15,000 inhabitants	1,22	1,68	0,64	0,53	
15,001 to 30,000 inhabitants	1,07	1,52	0,53	0,53	
30,001 to 60,000 inhabitants	0,91	1,22	0,43	0,53	
60,001 to 100,000 inhabitants	0,84	1,14	0,30	0,53	
100,001 to 150,000 inhabitants	0,76	1,07	-	0,38	
150,001 to 250,000 inhabitants	0,69	0,84	-	0,30	
Over 250,000 inhabitants	0,53	0,76	-	0,23	

Table 3.2.2.1A: Additional Amount Candidates Can Spend. France.

Adopted from: Code electoral, art. L52-11).

Year	Amount in EUR
2012	150,800,000
2013	154,117,600
2014	156,737,599
2015	159,245,400
2016	160,519,363
2017	161,803,517

Table 3.3.2A: State Funding Limit. Germany.

Adopted from: Determination of State Resources, 2017

Party	General	Travel	Leader of the Opposition	Total
Democratic Unionist Party	166,661.00	3,845.94		170,506.94
Green Party	212,100.00	4,894.65		216,994.65
Labour Party	5,510,661.00	127,169.17	789,146.00	6,426,976.17
Liberal Democrats	544,170.00	12,557.69		556,727.69
Plaid Cymru	81,532.00	1,881.57		83,413.57
Social Democratic and Labour Party	70,700.00	1,631.49		72,331.49
Scottish National Party	1,194,540.00	27,566.34		1,222,106.34
UK Independence Party	212,100.00	4,894.65		216,994.65
Ulster Unionist Party	70,700.00	1,631.49		72,331.49

 Table 3.3.3A: Short Money Allocations in GBP in 2016/17. United Kingdom.

Source: Kelly, 2016, p. 6

Financial Year	Per seat	Per 200 votes	To the Leader of the Opposition's Office
1997/98	3,840.65	7.67	NA
1998/99	3,975.07	7.94	NA
1999/2000	10,732.69	21.44	500,000.00
2000/01	11,011.73	21.99	513,000.00
2001/02	11,265.00	22.50	524,799.00
2002/03	11,411.45	22.79	531,621.39
2003/04	11,765.20	23.50	548,101.65
2004/05	12,094.63	24.16	563,448.50
2005/06	12,518.00	25.00	583,169.00
2006/07	12,793.00	25.55	595,999.00
2007/08	13,356.00	26.67	622,223.00
2008/09	13,890.00	27.74	647,112.00
2009/10	14,015.00	27.99	652,936.00
2010/11	14,351.00	28.66	668,606.00
2011/12	15,039.85	30.04	700,699.00
2012/13	15,761.76	31.48	734,333.00
2013/14	16,250.37	32.46	757,097.32
2014/15	16,689.13	33.33	777,538.48
2015/16	16,956.16	33.86	789,979.10
2016/17	16,938.00	33.83	789,146.00

Adopted from: Kelly, 2016, pp. 29-30.

Table 3.3.3C: Cranborne Money Allocations, 1997/98 - 2014/15. United Kingdom.

Year	Total in GBP (thousands)
1997/98	(thousands) 133,380
1998/99	138,048
1999/2000	291,894
2000/01	309,743
2001/02	316,867
2002/03	620,555
2003/04	639,792
2004/05	656,426
2005/06	677,432
2006/07	693,691
2007/08	726,988
2008/09	773,056
2009/10	773,056
2010/11	587,319
2011/12	589,165
2012/13	610,375
2013/14	630,518
2014/15	646,282
2015/16	924,989
2016/17	969,424

Source: Kelly, 2016, p. 31

Table 3.3.3D: Ofcom List of Major Parties, as of 2015. United Kingdom.

Great Britain	Scotland	Wales	Northern Ireland	England and Wales	
The Conservative Party	The Scottish National Party (SNP) Cymru		Sinn Fein		
The Labour Party			D1 1 1	The Democratic Unionist Party	
		~	The Alliance Party	UKIP	
The Liberal (SNP) Democrats		SNP) Cynnu	The Social Democratic		
				and Labour Party	
			The Ulster Unionist		
			Party		

Source: White & Gay, 2015

Table 3.4.3A: Donations and Loans Reporting Requirements. United Kingdom.

Donation Type	Political Parties	Regulated Donees			
		Members Associatio ns	Individuals	Candidates	Third Parties
Impermissible Donations	Report All	Over £500		Record/Report	Report All
Permissible Donations	over £7,500		over £1,500	the total of all over £50 donations	over £7,500
					the total of all between £500-£7,500
Permissible Loans		,		Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Aggregations of Donations/Loans					over £7500

Source: The Electoral Commission, 2010.

Table 3.4.3B: Examples of Reporting Requirements. United Kingdom.

Hypothetical Situation	Action	The reason	
A donor gives £7,600 to a CP	Report	It's over the £7,500 threshold	
A donor gives £1,600 to a single AU	Report	It's over the £1,500 threshold.	
A donor gives £600 each to 13 AUs	Report	It totals £7,800, so is over the £7,500 threshold when the donations are aggregated.	
A donor gives £1,450 each to 3 AUs	Do not Report	It totals £4,350, but it's under the £1,500 threshold for an AU and under the £7,500 threshold when the donations are aggregated.	
A donor gives £6,000 to a CP and £1,450 to an AU	Do not Report	It totals £7,450 but it's under the £1,500 threshold for an AU and under the £7,500 threshold when the donations are aggregated	

Adopted from: The Electoral Commission, 2015, p. 8.

Appendix 2: Figures



























